The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HÆC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR. VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1785. (No. 97.)

Juſt received, and to be ſold by

D. and I. M'Pherſon,

At their ſtore the third door above Gilpin's wharf,

A Quantity of woollens, conſiſting of blankets, duffils, long-ells, plaid and Shetland hoſe, white plains, flannels, &c.—They have alſo for ſale, Granada, Barbadoes and St. Croix rum by the hogſhead and barrel, ſugar, molaſſes, pork, tar, pitch, turpentine, Madera wine, ſalt, cordage and ſail canvas; alſo, a ſhip's anchor, weight 1400lb. with a variety of other articles.

☞ They want to purchaſe a quantity of flour and Indian-corn.

Alexandria, Nov. 30, 1785.

For HAVRE-DE-GRACE, in France,

THE ſhip MARY, NATHANIEL GOODWIN, Commander, and will be ready to ſail by the 10th inſt.—For paſſage apply to WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. and CO. JOSIAH WATSON, or the Maſter on board.

Dec. 1, 1785.

WHEREAS [illegible] ward Jones with a bay HORSE, his two hind feet white, is a natural trotter, branded on the near buttock with a ſwivel ſtirrup; this is to give notice to the owner to prove his property to the ſaid horſe, pay charges and take him away.

JACOB MOORE.

Alexandria, Nov. 30, 1785.

THIS is to give notice to whom it may concern, that we intend to apply to the preſent General Aſſembly, for an act to enable the executors of James Nourſe, deceaſed, to ſell a certain tract of land in Berkely County, Virginia, on the head of Worthington's-Run, containing near 1000 acres, belonging to the eſtate of the deceaſed, that the intent of the will may be fully complied with.

JOSEPH NOURSE,
JAMES NOURSE,
WILLIAM NOURSE, } Executors.

Nov. 30, 1785.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber in the month of November, 1784, an Iriſh ſervant, named PATRICK CONDON; he appears to be about 23 years old, ſix feet high, ſmooth faced, long viſaged, brown hair, very forward and talkative when in liquor which he is very fond of, had a cut of an ax near one of his ancles, which was not healed when he went away, and I am well informed he was in Dumfries goal, and turned out laſt month, no one appearing to claim him: He had on an old blue jacket, his other clothing was very ragged, and went by the name of WILLIAM PETRE. He went from Dumfries towards Falmouth, and it is very probable he is now loitering between theſe parts. Whoever brings him home, ſhall have the above reward paid by

J. G. DOWDALL.

Wincheſter, Nov. 1, 1785.

STOP THE THIEF!

STOLEN from my waggon at the White-Oak Spring on the 20th inſtant, a ſtrawberry roan MARE, 13½ hands high, heavy made, 12 years old, branded with a three barred woman's ſtirrup-iron, half ridged mane, and a ſhort docked tail.—Whoever takes up ſaid mare and ſecures the thief, ſhall receive SIXTEEN DOLLARS, and EIGHT DOLLARS for the mare only, if brought to Mr. RICHARD SIMPSON, near the White-Oak Spring, Fairfax County, or to the Subſcriber living in Frederick County, Virginia, near Col. Zane's iron-works, with all reaſonable charges.

JAMES WILSON.

Nov. 30, 1785.

TO LET,

A WAREHOUSE on the wharf, completely fitted for the reception of all kinds of country and Weſt-India produce.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM HERBERT.

Alexandria, Nov. [illegible] 1785.

Montgomery County, Maryland, Nov. 29, 1785.

To be ſold by public vendue, on Thurſday the 16th day of March next (if fair, if not the next fair day), (if not ſold before at private ſale) the following lands, lying in the County aforeſaid, viz.

ABERDEEN, with two ſmall tracts nearly adjoining, making in the whole about 180 acres of level fertile land, whereon are the following valuable improvements. A commodious two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, 42 by 30 feet, four rooms, a paſſage and bar well finiſhed, on the lower floor, and four rooms on the upper, not quite finiſhed, a cellar underneath the whole with convenient diviſions, a large and convenient kitchen with a good brick chimney, another houſe with a brick chimney, [illegible] might be converted into a ſtorehouſe, a good tobacco-houſe 32 by 22 feet, a large and well conſtructed ſtable divided into ſtalls, and ſeveral other convenient and neceſſary out-houſes; a large garden with a ſtone wall round it, and adjoining the dwelling-houſe, a well of excellent water within a few ſteps of the kitchen door, about nine acres of excellent meadow now in Timothy, and an orchard of apple trees of the beſt kind of fruit.—About 70 acres of this land are yet to clear, the reſt under good and ſufficient fencing, and the whole adapted to farming or planting.—Through this tract and cloſe to the dwelling-houſe runs the road from George-Town to Frederick-Town, is about 13 miles from the former and 30 from the latter, and leſs than a mile from the Court-Houſe of this County.—This ſtand is juſtly eſteemed one of the beſt in the County for a tavern, and has been occupied as ſuch for ſeveral years.—If this tract is not ſold at or before the abovementioned time, I propoſe to rent it with the houſe thereon, for a term of years.——Alſo, 560 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Leakins's Lot, lying on the waters of Seneca, about 20 miles from George-Town and 35 from Baltimore.—The ſoil of this land is well adapted to the cultivation of fine tobacco, it lies level and abounds with ſprings of excellent water, and a large quantity of beautiful watered meadow might be made thereon at a very ſmall expence.—There are about 40 or 50 acres of this land cleared, which rents for 2000lb. of crop tobacco yearly, and the aſſeſſment of 200 acres paid by the tenants yearly.—The improvements are a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, a few out-houſes, and a young orchard of apple trees.——Alſo, 250 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Exchange and New Exchange Enlarged, lying within a mile of Aberdeen.—This land lies level, abounds in ſprings of good water, and is ſuitable for either planting or farming.—There are about 30 acres of very valuable meadow ground belonging to it, 40 or 50 acres freſh cleared, under good fence, and in good order for croping.—The reſt of the improvements are a Negro quarter and new log tobacco houſe 52 by 22 feet, and covered with ſhingles.—Alſo a tract called Addition to Diſcovery, containing 90 acres.—This land lies about 15 miles from George-Town, is remarkably ſtrong and rich, abounding in heavy timber and ſprings of excellent water.—There are about 30 acres of it cleared and under a good fence, and about 3 acres of beautiful meadow now in graſs.—The improvements are a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, kitchen, a good framed tobacco-houſe, and 200 bearing apple trees of the very beſt kind of fruit.—The title to theſe lands is indiſputable, and the terms of payment will be made very eaſy to the purchaſers.

JAMES SUTER.

LISBON, Auguſt 9.

OUR merchants are greatly alarmed at the repeated captures made by the Algerines. Some letters received here a few days ago bring advice, that thoſe Barbarians have now at ſea not leſs than ſeventeen ſhips, mounting from 20 to 36 guns, and from 250 to 300 men each. The largeſt of them are conſtantly cruiſing off Cape St. Vincent, the others at the mouth of the Straits. In the Province of Algarve, one of theſe pirates landed his crew, who carried off ſeveral heads of cattle, and alſo a man, woman and a child. The Governor has taken every poſſible care to prevent the repetition of ſuch misfortunes. In the midſt of our anxiety, we have been greatly relieved by the ſafe arrival of four Eaſt-Indiamen, very richly laden.

HAGUE, Sept. 30.

We have received the agreeable news that the preliminary articles of peace between the Emperor and this Republic were concluded upon at Paris, on the 20th of this month, of which the following are the principal:

That their High Mightineſſes are to pay 9,500,000 florins, Dutch money, as a compenſation for the fortreſs of Maeſtricht and its dependencies, and 500,000 florins for the damage done by the inundations. The above is to be paid by inſtalments of 1,250,000 florins each, and the firſt payment is to be made three months after the ratification of the treaty, into the treaſury at Bruſſels. The ſecond payment is to be made in ſix months after the firſt, and ſo on until the full payment of the whole 10,000,000 florins.

Their High Mightineſſes cede the town and caſtle of Dahlem, with all its appurtenances, except Ooſt and Cadier, to the Emperor, on condition of having a compenſation made them in the exchanges that may be thought neceſſary in the country called Over Maeze.

The boundaries of Flanders ſhall remain as they were ſettled in 1664, and if there are any points that time may have rendered obſcure, Commiſſioners ſhall be appointed to ſettle them.

Their High Mightineſſes acknowledge the Sovereignty of the Emperor on the Scheldt, from Antwerp to the end of the land of Saftingen, conformably to the line drawn in 1664, which is agreed to be cut through, as is fully explained in the map ſigned by the reſpective Ambaſſadors, and the States-General entirely give up the right of demanding any toll or duty whatever in that diſtrict, nor ſhall the trade of his Imperial Majeſty's ſubjects be in the leaſt moleſted, provided no greater extenſion is granted to it than is agreed by the treaty of Munſter of the 30th of January, 1648, which ſhall in this reſpect remain in full force.

Their High Mightineſſes to evacuate and demoliſh the forts Kruiſchans and Frederick Henrik, and cede the ground to his Imperial Majeſty.

Their High Mightineſſes, to give a freſh proof how willing they are to facilitate a permanent good underſtanding between the Republic and the Emperor, agree to cede forts Lillo and Lieſkenſhoek, with all that belongs to them, in their preſent ſtate, to his Imperial Majeſty, except the artillery and ammunition.

His Imperial Majeſty gives up all pretenſions to the villages of Bladel and Reuſſel.

All money pretenſions between Sovereign and Sovereign to be entirely annulled, and Commiſſioners to be appointed to ſettle thoſe of individuals.

The above articles were drawn up in the preſence of the Comte de Vergennes, appointed to act as

mediator by his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and underwrote by the ſigning Ambaſſadors, "With the approbation of the Emperor and the States-General."

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Extract of a letter from Bourbon Lanci, in Burgundy, Auguſt 28.

"The Mareſchal Duke Fitz-James is here, and takes the waters; he is worn to a mere ſkeleton, and according to the phyſicians, cannot live a month; and, what is ſtrange, both his ſons are in an agonizing ſtate, one (the Duke) has loſt the uſe of his limbs by the palſy, and is pronounced incurable by the faculty; the younger ſon (the Chevalier, Colonel of Berwick's regiment) is in a decline, and little or no hopes are conceived of his recovery; ſo, were it not for the younger Duke's children, there would be an end to the offspring of King James in France."

Sept. 15. Mr. Pitt was much abuſed at Horſham, where he arrived about nine o'clock on his way to Brighton. The populace aſſembled as ſoon as he was known, and broke the windows of the coach. The Miniſter at firſt laughed; but as ſoon as he found the ſtones entering the windows, and the cry of, "No ſhop tax, no Iriſh propoſitions," he ſquatted down in the bottom of the carriage, and the poſt-boys gallopped through the croud as faſt as the horſes could draw their Right Honorable luggage.

Sept. 16. The French go beyond us in every thing—in their extenſion of commerce—in their cultivation of ſcience—and in their liberal inſtitutions for every ſpecies of diſtreſs. A recent inſtance of the attention and humanity of the city of Paris we recommend to the city of London. The chamber of the city of Paris have erected twelve baths, hot and cold, for the uſe of the poor, where they are to be permitted to bathe gratis, and to have every accommodation furniſhed them, of attendants, linen, &c.

According to letters from Marſeilles, no fewer than 29 veſſels of and for that port, with very valuable cargoes, had been taken by the Algerine corſairs, in the courſe of the laſt ſix months, and carried into Algiers, where their crews are all made ſlaves of.

SEPTEMBER 20.

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, Auguſt 12.

"We are all in motion here. The caſtles and forts ſituated on the Black Sea, are all filled with artillery and troops, and intrenchments are making to defend the approach to them. Three thouſand men are conſtantly employed on the new works at the mouth of the Danube. The plan of the French engineers on the banks of the canal between Buguodore and the entrance of the Black Sea, is carrying on with the greateſt alacrity. Theſe preparations plainly diſcover that the Turks do not rely implicitly on the promiſes of friendſhip and moderation made by the neighbouring powers. The ancient Baſhaw of Belgrade, whoſe head has been in ſuch danger, is juſt appointed Governor of Salonica."

Sept. 21. The ———, Capt. Folger, is ſafe arrived at Dover, from Boſton, with deſpatches to their Ambaſſador at our court. The letters arrived after poſt yeſterday, but will be delivered this day. It is ſaid in conſequence of ſome intelligence received at Boſton from the court of London reſpecting trade, the act will be repealed that lays a heavy duty on Britiſh ſhips, and trade will be eſtabliſhed upon a more equal footing.

A gentleman juſt arrived from Gibraltar, in the Bacchus, Prouting, reports, that they met with ſix ſtout frigates and one line of battle ſhip, of the Portugueſe nation, between Cape St. Vincent and Cape Spartel, being part of a ſquadron of twelve ſail cruiſing for the protection of their trade from the Algerines. Theſe pirates are ſaid to be now gone farther to the weſtward, to pick up veſſels from Brazil and America.

Oct. 1. The following are ſome of the momentous objects which Mr. Pitt is expected to adjuſt before the next meeting of Parliament, viz.

1. A commercial and conſtitutional arrangement between Great-Britain and Ireland.

2. A federal treaty with the Germanic Powers.

3. To enforce an immediate ſurrender of the Engliſh ſettlements on the coaſt of Africa, which the French have wreſted from us, and fortified, and to demand ſatisfaction for ſo daring a violation of a poſitive article of the late peace.

4. To require an apology from the Court of Verſailles for the late inſult offered to the Britiſh flag, even in the Britiſh channel.

Oct. 7. A letter from Paris, dated Sept. 22, ſays, "Two Engliſh frigates and a ſloop appeared every day at five o'clock in the evening hovering before the road of Cherbourgh, to obſerve what is going forward there, and they are not hindered from approaching as near as they can. During the laſt campaign three millions were expended in paying 5000 workmen. All the timber with which the Conick Caiſſons are conſtructed is brought in Hamburg, Daniſh, and Swediſh veſſels. The Duke de Harcourt preſides over this undertaking, which he often viſits, and encourages workmen, with whom he paſſed the ſpring and ſummer."

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, Sept. 11.

"Commerce with the United States of America to the ports in the Mediterranean is almoſt annihilated at preſent, owing to the number of Algerine cruiſers, which infeſt the ſea, and are very active after the thirteen ſtripes. Several American veſſels have lately eſcaped the vigilance of thoſe freebooters, under Engliſh paſſes, and got ſafe to their deſtined ports. Theſe dread pillagers have, within theſe few days, taken three veſſels belonging to the Pope's dominions, bound here, and ſent them to Algiers, where the crews are put into captivity, which cauſes great uneaſineſs. Theſe pirates do not confine themſelves to the Mediterranean, but now cruiſe between two and three hundred leagues farther to the weſtward than any former period, in which latitude they have lately taken ſeveral valuable prizes from different nations."

Oct. 8. Yeſterday Baron Lynden, the Dutch Ambaſſador, notified to his Majeſty, in official form, the ſigning of the preliminaries at Paris for a final ſettlement of the differences between the Republic of the States-General and the Emperor of Germany; and afterwards had a private conference with the King.

A letter from Nantz, dated Sept. 24, ſays, "The ingenious M. Pierre Barbe with eight or ten other gentlemen, took their paſſage to Charleſton, South-Carolina, in the Courier l'Amerique, which ſailed a few days ſince, in order to try the culture of ſilk in that province. They are patronized by the King, and have promiſes of all due encouragement from the American government."

Oct. 11. The following ſubſtance of the reſolution of the States of Zealand, is a proof that the Provinces are far from unanimouſly approving the preliminaries ſigned with the Emperor. The States of that Province complain loudly of his Imperial Majeſty's demand of an exchange of the diſtrict of Dahlem incloſed in the Duchy of Lembourg for ſomewhat equivalent. They conſider the ſteps taken by the Republic for an accommodation with the court of Vienna not only as uſeleſs, but in conſequence of the many obſtacles thrown in the way of the negociations, becoming humiliating and derogatory to the dignity of the Republic. They farther declare, that the offer of five millions of florins was more than ſufficient to convince all Europe of the earneſt wiſh of the Republic for peace: That it was trifling with its honor and dignity to ſuppoſe the expences of the march of the Auſtrian troops amounted to that ſum; that, as to the additional demand of ſeven millions and a half, made by Count de Mercy, it was their opinion that the Republic had already made too great ſacrifices for the ſake of peace, and therefore ought reſolutely to oppoſe any farther conceſſions whatever. That the confidence the Republic has placed in the powerful interceſſion and formidable ſupport of France, had hitherto prevented their taking the neceſſary precaution for their ſecurity; but that if all the ſteps taken by the Republic towards a pacification proved unavailing, and it ſhould be obliged to defend its rights and dignity by force of arms, that Province would not be wanting to contribute to the utmoſt of its power towards the preſervation of the liberty and the independence of the State, as became a faithful branch of the confederacy.

By letters from Paris we are informed, that every poſſible effort is exerting for putting the navy of France upon as reſpectable a footing as that of the moſt formidable of the neighbouring powers; and they further ſay, that it is in agitation to add thirty-two men to each of the regiments of cavalry, previous to a general review of theſe corps in the enſuing ſpring.

The preliminary articles which have been fixed by the High and Mighty States and the Emperor, it is moſt generally thought will by no means allay the diſcontent and turbulence that has long been brooding on the Continent. The Dutch are very far from being unanimous in making the conceſſions; his Pruſſian Majeſty looks with a jealous eye on the extenſion of the Imperial Dominions; nor is it at all probable that the Emperor, who has even ſhewn an active ſpirit, and hitherto found he had merely to aſk to obtain, will find his ambition amply gratified, and ſit quietly down with his preſent acquiſitions.

PORTSMOUTH, (N. H.) Nov. 11.

The Great and General Court of this State finiſh their ſeſſions this week.—We have not been able to obtain the reſult of their deliberations! Only that paper-money, after a judicious hearing, was thrown out as a member not worthy the honors of citizenſhip.

FALMOUTH, November 5.

About twelve months ſince a number of the inhabitants of Boſton attempted to get that town incorporated with city privileges; but that true ſpirit of republicaniſm which has ever characteriſed Boſtonians cruſhed in embryo the baſtard of ariſtocracy.—However, by the late papers it ſeems that a handkering ſtill exiſts in the noddles of a deſigning few to wreſt from the commonalty, as ſome are pleaſed to ſtile the very beſt claſs of inhabitants, the government of the town, and veſt it in the hands of thoſe whoſe buſineſs it will be totally to deſtroy the remaining privileges of the people; but we fondly hope that the bulk of inhabitants have ſtill too much virtue—too high a ſenſe of their own importance, to be thus duped by thoſe enemies to their liberties—thoſe foes to their dignity as men.

PROVIDENCE, November 12.

The Honorable General Aſſembly of this State is adjourned to Monday the 27th of February next, then to be convened in this town.

In their late ſeſſion, an Act was paſſed complying with the requiſitions of Congreſs of the 27th of September laſt; and the ſum of £. 19,390 1 6 (being this State's proportion of the three millions of dollars) is by ſaid Act ordered to be paid into the Continental Loan-Office, out of the £. 20,000 tax ordered at the preceding ſeſſion.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 23.

Yeſterday morning arrived at Sandy-Hook, in 12 weeks from London, the ſhip Union, Capt. Johnſton; on board of which is the Hon. Mr. Temple, the Britiſh Conſul, together with his lady (daughter of Governor Bowdoin, of Maſſachuſetts) and family.

Nov. 25. On Wedneſday laſt, Congreſs elected the Hon. John Hancock, Eſq; of Maſſachuſetts, Preſident of that auguſt body:—He not being preſent, they proceeded to the choice of a Chairman, when the Hon. David Ramſay, Eſq; of South-Carolina was elected.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.

Extract of a letter, received by the Aſtrea, from a gentleman at l'Orient, dated Sept. 7, to a merchant in Salem.

"I hope this will find you ſafe out of the reach of the Algerines.——We have no news more than what was current when you left this place; but are in hopes the Algerines are not ſo formidable an enemy as people have made us fear. From the account Mr. Jefferſon gives, he thinks three ſhips of 40 guns would entirely protect our trade, by ſending them on their coaſts, ſo that they would not dare to ſend a rover to ſea."

RICHMOND, December 3.

On Saturday laſt, between four and five o'clock in the afternoon, Mr. Buſſelot, a French gentleman, raiſed a Balloon from the capitol ſquare on Shockoe-Hill, in this city, which aſcended to a great height. The wind ſetting North-eaſt, it took that courſe, and deſcended before night ten miles diſtant from the city, on the plantation of Captain John Auſtin, in Hanover.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 29.

It is with pleaſure we inform the public that the account of the death of General SULLIVAN, which was taken from a nothern paper, is now contradicted; for the General ſtill lives—emphatically and politically lives.

Dec. 2. The wardens office at Philadelphia hath given notice, that the *floating beacon* on the *Brown* will be removed therefrom, on the 1ſt day of December next, and a large buoy placed in its ſtead, during the winter ſeaſon.

We hear a petition, praying for the emiſſion of a paper-currency, hath been preſented to the General Aſſembly of this State, ſigned by 910 inhabitants of Baltimore County, among whom are ſaid to be many reſpectable names; and that next Thurſday is the day appointed to take the ſame under conſideration.

The petition of the tradeſmen, manufacturers, and others, from the town of Baltimore, and a ſimilar one from Frederick-Town, are referred by the General Aſſembly to the Committee of Manufactures, who are now employed in draughting a bill on the important matters therein contained.

ALEXANDRIA, December 8.

His Excellency PATRICK HENRY, Eſq; is re-elected Governor of this Commonwealth.

The Hon. WILLIAM SMALLWOOD, Eſq; is choſen Governor of the State of Maryland.

The Honorable John Henry, William Hindman, William Harriſon, Richard Ridgely, and Nathaniel Ramſay, Eſquires, are elected Delegates to repreſent the State of Maryland in Congreſs for the enſuing Year.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Ship Merchant, R. Birill, from Falmouth; Sloop Three Siſters, J. M'Clenachan, Philadelphia; Schooner Cynthia, S. Thornton, Providence; Brig Betſy, P. Brown, Glaſgow.

Cleared Outwards. Sloop Vulcan, J. Chriſtie, for St. Croix; Sloop Waſhington, D. Peoples, and Sloop Dolphin, A. Steward, Philadelphia; Sloop Betſy, J. Welch, North-Carolina; Sloop Betſy, S. Jackſon, Providence; Brig Mary, C. Briggs, Rhode-Iſland; Sloop Little Tom, J. Cartwright, Demarara.

THE RING.

FREDERICK (Lord Carliſle) was enamoured of Evelina, and the beauty of Evelina is exquiſite —her wit brilliant——

Evelina viewed Frederick with indifference, not that Evelina wanted ſenſibility—but her heart was told to all mankind, except her huſband.

Frederick played off every art to attract the notice, and if poſſible, to engage the affection of Evelina. He diſplayed a diamond on his finger—Evelina gazed—ſighed, and ſeized his hand.

Frederick vibrated with rapture—he gazed with ardor upon Evelina, while ſhe gently drew the jewel from his finger.

Wear it for *my* ſake, ſaid he, with ecſtacy—She gazed with wonder—his hopes encreaſed—he kiſſed her hand—high ſwelled her boſom—ſhe put the ring on her finger.

Frederick, aſſured of approaching happineſs, riſes from his ſeat—Evelina aroſe at the ſame inſtant.

Sir, ſaid Evelina, I am charmed with this diamond, and I take it without ſcruple, becauſe it is my own.

Frederick ſtarts with amazement——

My huſband, continued Evelina, took it from my toilet above three months ago, and has ever ſince perſuaded me it was loſt.

You are miſtaken, Madam, anſwered Frederick, I had it from Lady Derby.

The likelieſt thing in the world, replied Evelina, for my huſband is intimate with her Ladyſhip. He borrowed it from me, gave it to her, ſhe beſtowed it upon you, and I ſeize it as my own. But, if it had not been my own, Sir, I ſhould not have purchaſed it at the price which her Ladyſhip paid.

And how did Evelina behave to her huſband?

She put the ring upon his finger when aſleep.

And how did he diſpoſe of it?

He laid it on her toilet.

And what was the conſequence?

A reconciliation, which determined the huſband to break off his illicit connection with the Counteſs, and never more to conſider Frederick as his friend.

ANECDOTE.

A Gentleman coming out of Weſtminſter Hall, was followed by a boy, who ſtole his ſnuff-box; the gentleman turned round immediately, and ſaw him run back into the Hall among a number of Counſellors, and beg for their protection. The gentleman laid hold of him, and aſked his reaſon for flying to thoſe gentlemen for protection. "Why Sir (ſays the boy) the ſcripture ſaith, *In a multitude of Counſellors there is ſafety.*" For this witty reply, the gentleman (after giving him a little wholeſome advice, and telling him it was a pity ſo much wit and wickedneſs ſhould go hand in hand) pardoned him.

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 22s. per Ct.	Continental Rum, 2s. per Ditto.
Fine Flour, 29s. per Barrel.	Molaſſes, 1/6 per Ditto
Wheat, 5/6 per Buſhel.	Muſcovado Sugar, 35s. to 42/6 per Ct.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.	Salt, 3s. per Buſhel, by Retail.
Windward Rum, 3s. per Ditto.	Corn, 4s. per Buſhel.
	Exchange, 40.

Hooe and Harriſon,

Have for ſale,

MADERA wine of London, New-York and Virginia quality, Sherry of 2, 3, 4, 5, and 11 years old, a few quarter caſks of Pajarate wine, claret in boxes, French brandy, Jamaica ſpirits, Geneva in caſes, Cadiz ſalt, alum ditto, and ſundry other goods.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

To be rented until the firſt day of November, 1786,

THE HOUSE and LOT lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS REEDER.—The conveniencies and ſituation of this tenement for a publican, are inferior to none in Alexandria. Terms may be known by applying as early as poſſible to

SAMUEL ARELL.

Alexandria, Dec. 8, 1785.

To be ſold on Saturday the 17th inſtant, at public vendue,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituated on King-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. John Gretter's, containing 15 feet in front and 92 feet back. For particulars inquire of VALENTINE UHLER.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber's ſtore laſt week, a piece of yard-wide Iriſh linen, marked as follows, trunk 33—60, 2/10 ſterling. Any perſon who will give information of the thief, ſhall receive the above reward,

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

Robinſon, Sanderſon and Rumney,

Are now landing from on board the Hope, Captain Cragg, from Whitehaven, a freſh aſſortment of European GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the loweſt terms, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, by wholeſale only.

Alſo the following articles:

IRISH meſs beef in tierces,	Red port in bottles,
Ditto in barrels,	London porter in ditto,
Iriſh meſs pork in ditto,	Strong beer in ditto,
Beſt roſe butter in firkins,	Pipes,
Barley in cags,	Stone and earthen ware,
Single refined ſugar,	Liſbon and Liverpool Salt,
Beſt Durham muſtard,	Two neat ſets of Mahogany chairs, 1 dozen each.
Candles,	
Soap,	

☞ They will give the beſt caſh price for Tobacco as uſual.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

FOR SALE,

For caſh or country produce,

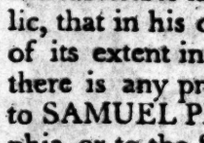
TENERIFFE wine in pipes, Fayal ditto in ditto, Port ditto in hogſheads, Claret ditto in boxes, and Pimento by the bag, a variety of dry goods, and a few tons of beſt Swediſh iron.

For charter to any port in Europe, a veſſel of about 600 hogſheads burthen, Britiſh built, with a Mediterranean paſs.

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

Dec. 7, 1785.

FOR LONDON,



THE ſhip FRIENDS, JOHN MUIR, Maſter, is now taking in tobacco conſigned to Mr. Thomas Blane.—All his friends, who wiſh to ſhip, will pleaſe to adviſe the quantity and the time they can have it ready, either to John Ballantine, Weſtmoreland, William Hunter, jun. or the Maſter on board.——In order to get her off quick, one hundred hogſheads will be taken on liberty.

☞ Captain Muir has an elegant CHAISE with harneſs complete to diſpoſe of.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

FOR SALE,

THE SLOOP THREE SISTERS, now lying at Col. Hooe's wharf, Philadelphia built, and well calculated for the river buſineſs.—Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing may know the terms and ſee the inventory, by applying to the Subſcriber near ſaid wharf.—Who has for ſale a few pipes, half pipes, and quarter caſks of Teneriffe wine, old Jamaica ſpirits, by the hogſhead or ſmaller quantity, Liverpool china, and queen's ware in crates.

JOHN M'CLENACHAN.

Alexandria, Dec. 8, 1785.

To be ſold cheap, and the payments made eaſy,

AN exceeding valuable well improved farm, containing 376 acres, ſituate about four miles from Winchеſter, in the County of Frederick and State of Virginia, adjacent to the road leading from thence to Staunton, convenient to ſeveral merchant mills, and to places of worſhip of various denominations. It is remarkably well timbered and watered, and has a good proportion of meadow made, and to be made. There are on the premiſes about 90 acres of land clear, a good dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn and other neceſſary buildings.—A more particular deſcription may be unneceſſary; but the ſubſcriber takes the liberty of aſſuring the public, that in his opinion, it is the moſt valuable farm of its extent in that part of the country, of which there is any proſpect of the ſale. For terms apply to SAMUEL PLEASANTS, merchant in Philadelphia, or to the Subſcriber near Winchеſter.

ALEXANDER WHITE.

Dec. 7, 1785.

On Friday the 16th inſtant, will be ſold by public vendue at the Subſcriber's plantation,

FOUR valuable TRACTS of LAND in Fairfax County, conveniently ſituated for trade, lying on the main roads leading from the back country to Alexandria, and all on different courſes. Alſo, another TRACT, on the Sugar Lands, equal in quality to any in that place.—The titles are indiſputable, and the lands will be ſhewn on application. The ſame day will likewiſe be ſold, three LOTS of GROUND in Alexandria, one 31 feet 4 inches fronting Pitt-ſtreet, and 84 feet back, on which is an unfiniſhed brick houſe; another on Duke-ſtreet, 16 feet front and 57 feet back, on which is a tolerable good framed houſe; the third is on Prince-ſtreet, unimproved, 31 feet, and advantageouſly ſituated for buſineſs. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, all the ſtock of horſes, cows, five waggons and gears, and ſome farming utenſils. Eighteen months credit will be given the purchaſers, on bond and unqueſtionable ſecurity, and intereſt from the day of ſale if not punctually paid.—Certificates at their paſſing value will be received in payment, and the uſual diſcount for ready caſh.

Dec. 7, 1785. GERRARD T. CONN.

Philip Dalby,

Has received by the ſhip Potomack from London,

AN aſſortment of cloth and ſilk cloaks and cardinals, ſtuff and ſilk petticoats, with a variety of low-priced printed calicoes, and a few articles of millinary, which, with the other goods he has on hand, he will diſpoſe of for caſh, certificates, or ſhort credit.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

B. A. HAMP,

Has imported in the Potomack, Capt. Bradſtreet, from London, a general aſſortment of European GOODS, which he will ſell cheap for caſh or produce, at his ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, three doors below Meſſrs. Robinſon, Sanderſon and Rumney's ſtore, conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

WOOLLENS,	Womens' ſtuff and ſatin ſhoes,
Shalloons,	Window glaſs,
Durants and tammies,	Powder and ſhot,
Calicoes,	Saddlery,
Linens,	Ironmongery,
Sheetings,	Hardware,
Printed cottons,	Jewelry,
Haberdaſhery,	An elegant aſſortment of China, &c.
Hoſiery,	
Mens' and boys' hats,	
Men's ſhoes and boots,	

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

On Tueſday the 13th inſtant, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder at Giſborough, in Prince George's County, at the mouth of the Eaſtern-Branch of Potomack river,

THE LEASE of Giſborough, Negroes, horſes &c. as formerly adverтiſed in this paper; alſo, two or three valuable Negro women who have been uſed to cooking, waſhing, ironing and working in the houſe; likewiſe, a ſervant man and his wife, the man is an excellent ſtone and brick maſon. The terms of ſale are, one-third of the purchaſe money to be paid in three months, and the other two-thirds in twelve, and if the firſt payment is not punctually made, the indulgence on the laſt payment to be forfeited. Bond and ſecurity will be required.

WILLIAM BAYLY.

George-Town, Dec. 6, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber a few days ago, an Iriſh indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM SMITH, by trade a carpenter, is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a yellow complexion, has grey eyes, a down look, and has juſt recovered from a long ſpell of ſickneſs: He had on when he went off an old brown coat, a white double-breaſted flannel waiſtcoat with black horn buttons, coarſe blue cloth breeches with black buttons, a check ſhirt, grey ſtockings, tolerable good ſhoes, round iron buckles, and a hat covered with pitch and tar.——Whoever will take up and ſecure ſaid ſervant, or return him to his maſter, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges.

JOHN EVANS.

Alexandria, Dec. 1, 1785.

THE Subſcriber has for ſale in the town of Frederickſburg, THREE LOTS (lately encloſed) on which there are a good houſe with four rooms on a floor, a kitchen, meat-houſe, and large ſtable.—They are agreeably ſituated for a private family: For buſineſs none more ſo, as they have a great command of the back trade.—They are ſo ſituated as to admit of diviſions, and will be diſpoſed of as it may be moſt convenient.—He has alſo a ſmall TRACT of LAND, about three miles from the ſaid town, containing between 160 and 200 acres, which he will diſpoſe of likewiſe.—Its ſituation renders it valuable to a reſident in the town, being well watered and wooded, and adapted for farming.—Twelve months credit will be allowed without intereſt, if the money is punctually paid when it becomes due, if not, it is to bear intereſt from the date.—A mortgage of the premiſes, with bond and approved ſecurity, will be required.—The price will be made known by the Subſcriber at Mount-Vernon.—An exchange for land in the County of Fairfax will be preferred.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Nov. 9, 1785.

RAN away from the Ship Charming Peggy at George-Town, on the 12th inſtant, the two following ſailors: PETER GEAL, a ſtout well-made fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and GEORGE DICK, a ſhort well-made fellow.—They took with them a cheſt and bed.—Whoever will take up the ſaid fellows and ſecure them in gaol, or deliver them on board the ſaid ſhip, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for either.

CHRISTIAN HENRY RUTHER.

George-Town, Nov. 16, 1785.

POETRY.

THE MUSES ODE;

From Mr. PRATT'S *laſt Publication called* LANDSCAPES *in* VERSE.

NO More, fond Youth, the Strains prolong,
Break off, break off, the plaintive Song;
With Mandate high, from Spheres above,
Our golden Harps are ſtrung to LOVE!
In ev'ry Flow'r that Nature blows,
Breeze that fans, and Wave that flows;
On Earth, in Ocean, and in air,
Love is the ſov'reign Bliſs, the univerſal Prayer.

'Tis Love ſuſtains the ſtarry Choir,
Love is the elemental Fire;
Ah! Naught in thy Mortality,
Nor ev'n in our Eternity,
Like Love can charm, like Love can bleſs——
The Sun and Soul of Happineſs.
Love is to ev'ry Muſe allied,
Touches each tuneful Chord, and ſpreads the Chorus wide.

'Tis ours to waft the Lover's Sighs,
Swift to the Nymph for whom they riſe;
And gently as we ſtrike the String,
Convey the Nymph's on roſy Wing.
Abſence, tho' it wound, endears,
Soft its Sorrows, ſweet its Tears;
Pains that pleaſe, and Joys that weep,
Trickle like healing Balm, and o'er the Boſom creep.

Love and Sorrow, Twins, were born
On a ſhining ſhow'ry Morn,
'Twas in Prime of April Weather,
When it ſhone and rain'd together;
He who never Sorrow knew,
Never felt Affections true;
Never felt true Paſſion's Power,
Love's Sun and Dew combine to nurſe the tender Flow'r.

John Alliſon,

Has imported in the Alexandria, Captain Watkins, from Liverpool, a neat and general aſſortment of Mancheſter GOODS, among which are the following articles:

POCKET and pillow fuſtians, thickſets, ſatinets, olive, light, blue and black beavers, corduroys, printed velvarets, rich ſilk velvet waiſtcoat patterns, ſtriped holland, yard, 3-8 and 7-8 cotton checks, elegant furniture ditto, with cord, taſſels and fringe to match, 10-4 and 11-4 counterpanes neatly fringed and ſcolloped, new faſhioned printed quiltings, &c. He has likewiſe on hand an aſſortment of coarſe woollens, ſuch as Negro cottons, duffils, roſe blankets, worſted, yarn and plaid hoſe, all which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,
In Fee-Simple,

A VERY valuable LOT, advantageouſly ſituated on Prince-ſtreet—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, Dec. 1, 1785.

WANTED immediately, to attend a ſtore of dry-goods, a ſmart active LAD, of 15 or 16 years of age, who can write a good hand, and is acquainted with figures; one who has ſerved in a ſtore would be preferred.—None need apply but thoſe who can be well recommended. Inquire of the Printers.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

One hundred acres of ex-

cellent peceſon land, equal to any in this State, lying on the Potomack, within two miles of Alexandria, and which, at a ſmall expence, may be reclaimed. There is on ſaid land a large range of wood.—The terms are one half caſh, one quarter in ſix months, and the other in ſix months more. Apply to

ROGER WEST.

Nov. 24, 1785.

I hereby forewarn all per-ſons from taking an aſſignment of a BOND of mine in the poſſeſſion of WILLIAM STONE, as he has acted contrary to his agreement with me.

JOHN MURTLAND.

Alexandria, Nov. 29, 1785.

William Taylor and Co.

Have for ſale, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, formerly occupied by Meſſrs. Lowry and M'Kenna, and next door but one to Col. Dennis Ramſay's ſtore,

DOUBLE milled drabs,
Superfine and ſecond cloths of various colours,
Blue, buff and light caſſimers,
Blue and red duffils,
Gray and mixt coatings,
Rugs and blankets,
Swanſkins,
Scarlet, red, white and yellow flannels,
Striped linſeys and embоſſed ſerges,
Red and light baizes,
Fine green and white pluſhes,
Shalloons and rattinets,
Pink, blue and green tammies,
Striped and plain blue and green calamancoes,
Blue, green and light durants,
Blue and green camblets,
Corduroys and queen's cord,
Honeycomb and Rodney's cord,
Spotted and plain velvets,
Pillow fuſtians,
Figured jeans and jeanets,
Blue, green, pink, black and red moreens,
Superfine black bombazeens,
Black and light crapes,
Mens' plain and ribbed yarn and worſted hoſe,
Thread, cotton and ſilk ditto,
Childrens' ſpotted ditto,
Ladies' ſilk gloves and mitts,
Lamb, kid and beſt white ditto,
Shammy gloves and mitts,
Linen and cotton checks,
Haerlem and furniture ditto,
Cambricks, clear and long lawns,
Black and white gauzes,
Needle worked lawn aprons,
Kentings and kenting handkerchiefs,
Common, ſouflee and white catgut,
Mancheſter cottons and printed linens,
Light and dark ground French and Dutch calicoes,
Satins and modes,
Green, pink and black perſians,
Black Barcelona neckcloths and handkerchiefs,
Dove and changeable ditto,
Common ſilk ditto,
Ladies' ſilk cardinals trimmed with ermine,
Satin, perſian and durant quilts,
7/8 and yard-wide Iriſh linens,
Britiſh oſnaburgs,
Heſſian rolls,
Fine Flanders bedticking,
Common and ell-wide ditto,
6, 7 and 8-4 bed-bunts,
Linen and cotton handkerchiefs,
Stamped, ſpotted, and bordered ſouflee ditto,
Diaper toweling and tablecloths,
Mens' caſtor and felt hats,
Wool and cotton cards,
Bar-lead and ſhot,
Mens' Morocco ſlippers and childrens' Morocco ſhoes,
Ladies' beſt calamanco and common ditto,
Scarf and common twiſt,
French and Engliſh ſewing ſilk,
Scotch and coloured threads,
Common and beſt writing-paper,
Bonnet paſteboards,
Bibles, teſtaments and pſalters,
Spelling-books,
Sealing-wax and Dutch quills,
Beſt London playing cards,
Inkpowder,
3½, 4 and 4½ pins,
Temple and common ſpectacles,
Hatter's trimmings,
Ivory tortoiſhell and horn combs,
Shaving boxes, ſoap and bruſhes,
Tooth and buckle bruſhes,
Hair pins and hair-powder,
Waſhballs and pomatum,
Silk and ſwan powdering puffs,
Toupee and pinching irons,
Plated ſpurs and ſpring ſnuffers,
Poliſhed bridle bits with bridons,
Common ſnaffle ditto,
Poliſhed and common ſtirrup irons,
Surcingle and ſtrainweb,
Shoemakers' and ſaddlers' tools,
Mill and handſaw files,
Braſs and iron candleſticks,
Warming-pans and copper tea-kettles,
Pewter quarts and padlocks,
Braſs cocks with keys,
Common and beſt raſors,
Large and ſmall ſciſſors,
Barlow and common penknives,
A large aſſortment of knives and forks with carvers,
Oyſter knives,
Lettered, plain and tully gartering,
Cap and apron tapes,
Nonſopretty and bobing,
Mens' ſilk caps,
Common and Whitechapel needles,
Mens' thimbles,
Womens' ditto,
Silk, thread and beggars lace,
Common and Briſtol ſleeve buttons,
Gilt and ſilvered watch chains,
Watch ſeals and keys,
Paſte, ſtock and knee buckles,
Common ſhoe and knee ditto,
Gilt and common coat and jacket buttons,
Horſe bruſhes and mane combs,
Carpenters' planes, bits and chiſels,
Bottled ſnuff and Durham muſtard,
Slates and pencils,
A variety of glaſs ware, &c. &c.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

Randle Mitchell and Son,

Have removed their ſtore from Fairfax-ſtreet to King-ſtreet, the ſixth door from the corner of Fairfax-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the alley which leads from King-ſtreet to the Court-Houſe, where they have for ſale, either by wholeſale or retail, at the very loweſt prices, for caſh or country produce,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of moſt kinds of DRY-GOODS, linens, woollens, ſtuffs, cutlery, ironmongery, hoſiery and haberdaſhery ſuitable for the ſeaſon, alſo, rums, ſugars, wines, molaſſes, teas, dying ſtuffs, window-glaſs, ſoap, coffee, pepper, ginger, allſpice, China, queen's, glaſs, and earthen ware, ſaddlery, &c.

Alexandria, October 27, 1785.

FOR SALE,

NEAR two thouſand acres of LAND on Buck-Creek, in Lincoln County, which has been located near three years, by one of the firſt characters in that County, and who informed me that it was the beſt land that was then to be got. I will diſpoſe of it for caſh, Negroes, dry or wet goods, and all kinds of certificates will be taken at their paſſing value; but an exchange of land in this county would be preferred.

TO BE LET, for one or more years, and poſſeſſion given the firſt day of January next, the houſe near the Falls-Church, ten miles from Alexandria, on the main road leading through Leeſburg to Winchеſter, ſeven miles from George-Town, and on the main road leading from thence by Newgate to North and South Carolina, which makes it a convenient ſtand for a tavern or ſtore, as there is one at preſent kept in it.—Alſo, a houſe about two miles higher up the road to Leeſburg, convenient for a tavern; there will be let more or leſs land with this as may be agreed on.—Alſo, a plantation, about half a mile from the laſt mentioned place.—The two laſt mentioned places have exceeding fine never failing ſprings.—Alſo, a farm in Loudon County, near Sugarland-Run; the land is of a good quality, well watered, upwards of fifty acres of land cleared, ſome improved meadow, and more may be made.—The terms may be known by applying to

OPIE LINDSAY.

Colcheſter, Nov 21, 1785.

I WILL ſell that beautiful and healthy plantation, commonly called the LODGE, ſituated in Prince-George's County, about two and a half miles from the Alexandria ferry.—This tract contains 323 acres, about 120 of which are cleared upland and nearly 60 acres of meadow ground of the firſt quality, about 30 are cleared and well ſet with timothy, which yields a larger crop than any meadow I ever ſaw.—Both the upland and meadow are laid off in diviſions, and are in fine order for grazing. The improvements are a good dwelling-houſe, a fine garden, and every neceſſary building.—Taking in all its advantages it has ever been conſidered among the firſt foreſt plantations in the State.

WILLIAM BAKER.

☞ Military Land-Warrants for 4000 acres for ſale very cheap.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

Loudon County, ſſ. September, 1785.

FARLING BALL, Gentleman, returned a certificate, that Timothy Hixon had taken up as a ſtray, a MARE, about 13 hands and a half high, of a brown colour, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, branded on the near ſhoulder I D, appraiſed by Charles Bennett, William Hixon and John Hanby, to Three Pounds Ten Shillings, currency.

(Copy.) Teſte,

CHARLES BINNS, D. Clerk.

THE Subſcriber begs leave in the moſt reſpectful manner, to return his grateful acknowledgments, to his friends and kind cuſtomers, who favored him with their cuſtom, during his reſidence in Fairfax-ſtreet, and informs them he has now removed to Royal-ſtreet, near the corner of King-ſtreet, where he carries on the Tallow-Chandler and Soap-Boiling buſineſs as uſual, and will uſe his utmoſt exertions to give general ſatisfaction.

☞ He gives ready-money for tallow, tow or cotton candle wick.

WILLIAM HAYCOCK.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber on the night of the 20th inſt. a black horſe COLT, three years old, neither docked nor branded, ſhod before, his near hind foot white, the white part ſcarred as if ſcalded, is about 14½ hands high, and has a hanging mane and full eyes.—If taken up 20 miles from home and brought to me, I will give Three Dollars, if a ſhorter diſtance two, and reaſonable charges.

JOSEPH JANNEY.

Alexandria, Nov. 23, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.